



THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXI.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA. TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1889.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THE GREAT SUSPENSE ENDURED BY THE WEARY CANDIDATES FROM GEORGIA.

THE BUCK AND LONGSTREET MEN

Figuring on Their Respective Chances for Success—The Marshalship and the District Attorneyship Again.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—[Special.]—There is more political talk to the square inch among the Georgia contingent today than has appeared in Washington before for several years. With the victory won last week by Colonel Buck and his crowd in securing the appointment of young Mr. Corbett as marshal of the southern district, it is evident to stimulate the crowd, and there is a mild impression among them that they are in a fit to hog the entire business. They claim that they have got

DICK DOW LAID OUT

that he might as well buy his railroad ticket back to Atlanta. The fight over the district attorneyship for the northern district is still unsettled, yet there is no reason to believe at the present time but what Angier's name will be sent to the senate, yet there is a big fight being made upon him, although his friends here do not seem to be in the least disturbed.

JENKINS MAKES A CALL

Mr. Jenkins, who is one of the contestants for the office, was a visitor today at the attorney-general's headquarters, and held what he believed to be his last call, as tomorrow the appointment, in all probability, will be sent in. Attorney-General Miller, however, was absent from his office for a considerable portion of the day, having attended the funeral of the late Justice Matthews.

NASHVILLE, March 25.—[Special.]—Myron Baxter, Jr., president of the Tennessee Coal and Railroad company, was interviewed concerning the reported sale to Mr. Abram S. Hewitt and E. Cooper, M. Murphy and others, of New York city. The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company is the largest and wealthiest corporation doing business in the south, being a combination of the Pratt Coal and Coke company, the Coalbing Coal and Railroad company and one or two other important companies. They own

millions of acres of coal and iron lands besides the famous Pratt and Coalbing mines near Birmingham, also several important branches and mineral railroads of Alabama and Tennessee besides large blocks of stock of several of the principal furnaces of the two states.

A private telegram vouches for the correctness of this information, while Nat Baxter, Jr., of Nashville, president of the company, is reported as disclaiming all knowledge of such transaction. However, he does not positively state that the sale has not been made. It is said the new company will meet and elect an entirely new board of directors on the first of April.

MUR. BAXTER DOES NOT BELIEVE IT.

NASHVILLE, March 25.—[Special.]—Myron Baxter, Jr., president of the Tennessee Coal and Railroad company, was interviewed concerning the reported sale to Mr. Abram S. Hewitt and others. He said:

"I do not believe it for the following reasons: Mr. Hewitt and ex-Mayor Edward Cooper just reached New York today, after some months' stay. He said that so far as he was informed, the office was being conducted on good business principles, and until some complaint should be made he saw no reason for any change until the expiration of the present incumbent's term. This news, of course, is not particularly pleasing to Colonel Locke, who wants the office, and is desirous of entering upon the duties at once."

THE MAIL SERVICE.

The new superintendent of the railway mail service, J. Lowry Bell, said today to *The Constitution* correspondent that he did not believe any change would be made in the superintendent of the Atlanta division for some months yet. He said that so far as he was informed, the office was being conducted on good business principles, and until some complaint should be made he saw no reason for any change until the expiration of the present incumbent's term. This news, of course, is not particularly pleasing to Colonel Locke, who wants the office, and is desirous of entering upon the duties at once.

THE FOREIGN SLATE.

Chauncey M. Depew Wants to Go to England.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—[Special.]—There has been within the last few days undoubtedly a change in the slate regarding the new minister to the court of St. James. It is well understood that President Harrison is disposed of giving the place to Senator Evans, but there is a disposition on the part of a number of New York politicians to object to the appointment, alleging that he is not particularly identified with the workings of the party in its stand and what they ask is that a man shall be chosen who has some political affiliations with the party and with its works.

There is hardly longer a reason to doubt that the place will be given to either Senator Evans or to Chauncey M. Depew. A prominent New York gentleman was asked if he thought

DEPEW WOULD ACCEPT IT.

If it were tendered to him, "What! accept it? He would jump at it like a rat jumping at a piece of cheese in a trap. He is honying for it."

"But would not Mr. Depew be compelled to resign the presidency of the New York Central railroad, a position that pays a salary of \$30,000 per annum?"

"No, I do not think he would have to resign his connection with the railroad. In fact, he can be very useful to the road, in London, as a great majority of its stock is held there, and there will be very little difficulty with his communicating by cable such information as he may desire to give to the board of directors, just the same as if he were in New York. Of course he holds a cable frank, and the expense attached to it will be nominal."

EVERY MADE TO ORDER.

It is not perfectly understood when the appointment will be sent to the senate, but it is more than likely it will go in tomorrow. There are many reasons to believe that by Friday, at the latest, the senate will adjourn, and of course this appointment must be one of the earliest made this week.

HALSTEAD'S LAST CHANCE.

The Field Marshal to Be Attacked by the Democrats.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—[Special.]—The name of Mr. Murat Halstead, editor of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, is becoming very frequently mentioned in connection with the German mission, and if he is assigned any place at all in the diplomatic service it is not improbable that Berlin will be the place selected for the fiery, untamed field marshal. There are a great many democratic senators sharpening their knives so they may make it lively for him, as they did for Mr. Reid. The southern senators who opposed Mr. Reid's confirmation will, not be less demonstrative in their opposition to Mr. Halstead. They claim that Mr. Halstead has been equally as unjust toward the people of the south as has been the editor of the New York Tribune.

THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—[Special.]—Ex-Representative Truman H. Merriman, of New York, today announced himself as a candidate for the position of civil service commissioner, to succeed Mr. Lyman, who has held that position for nearly three years and a half. Merriman was a member of the last congress, and was defeated because of the fact that he refused to support the Mills bill.

DON'T LIKE THE SELECTION.

Naval Officers Kicking About the Programme of the Washington Centennial.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—No little dissatisfaction is felt among the naval officers over the details of the programme for the celebration of Washington's Inaugural centennial in New York next month. According to the programme, the navy and marine corps will be prominently in the demonstration. Major-General Schofield, the highest commanding general of the service, has been selected to take charge of the military forces, and agains that selection no criticism is made. The naval officers complain that the branch of the service which will make the exhibition of particular interest because of its comparison of the old and new navy has been placed in charge of a retired army officer. They argue that a naval officer of highest rank should be sent to represent the section of Major-General Schofield, and they have begun an agitation to have Admiral Jouette replace the retired army officer in command of the naval demonstration.

MILITARY COLLEGES.

How Officers May be Procured for Institutions—Arms and Ammunition Furnished.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—James H. Wingrin, the newly appointed supervising architect of the treasury, has accepted the appointment and will enter upon his duties Wednesday. The resignation of Mr. Freret, the incumbent, was voluntary, having been tendered informally soon after the administration changed with those of other subordinate officers of the department.

Major-General Schofield has issued a general order based on the recent act of congress increasing the number of officers who may be detailed to duty in colleges, and promulgating a set of regulations prescribed by the president under the law. These regulations provide in brief as follows:

WHO CAN BE DETAILED.

Captains of companies, regimental staff officers or men who have served less than three years with their regiment or corps, or who have recently completed a term of detached duty, will not be eligible. No details will be made that will leave a battery, troop or company without two officers for duty. The period of detail will be three years. No officer will be detailed except upon application from a representative of the college. Applications for details must be made to the secretary of war, and should be accompanied by a certificate as to the number of male students in the college. Officers may file application for detail with the adjutant-general.

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT WILL FURNISH.

The secretary of war has prescribed regulations governing the issue of arms for military instructions at colleges, under which each college or university where an army officer is stationed will be allowed two 3-inch rifled guns of wrought iron, valued at \$450 each, two carriages and appurtenances, 150 Springfield cal. 1000 rifles and a corresponding number of bayonet scabbards and appendages. The colleges are required to give a bond equal to the value of the arms and ammunition, which will be supplied as follows: One hundred blank cartridges and three hundred primers for the 3-inch guns, and fifty rifle ball cartridges for each cadet engaged in target practice.

JUSTICE MATTHEWS'S FUNERAL.

Services in Washington—Departure of the Train With the Remains.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The funeral services over the remains of the late Associate Justice Matthews were held this afternoon, at his late residence, Dr. Hamlin and Dr. Leon officiating. The president and cabinet, justices of the supreme court, many members of congress and other prominent persons were present. After the services the remains were taken to the Baltimore and Ohio railroad to be removed to Cincinnati. Ohio.

Mr. Duncan had held enough proxies to control the train departed at half past two, and from that time until the horn blew for dinner the crowd was being let in "blocks of five" and more.

THE MAIL SERVICE.

The new superintendent of the railway mail service, J. Lowry Bell, said today to *The Constitution* correspondent that he did not believe any change would be made in the superintendent of the Atlanta division for some months yet. He said that so far as he was informed, the office was being conducted on good business principles, and until some complaint should be made he saw no reason for any change until the expiration of the present incumbent's term. This news, of course, is not particularly pleasing to Colonel Locke, who wants the office, and is desirous of entering upon the duties at once.

THE FOREIGN SLATE.

Chauncey M. Depew Wants to Go to England.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—[Special.]—There has been within the last few days undoubtedly a change in the slate regarding the new minister to the court of St. James. It is well understood that President Harrison is disposed of giving the place to Senator Evans, but there is a disposition on the part of a number of New York politicians to object to the appointment, alleging that he is not particularly identified with the workings of the party in its stand and what they ask is that a man shall be chosen who has some political affiliations with the party and with its works.

There is hardly longer a reason to doubt that the place will be given to either Senator Evans or to Chauncey M. Depew. A prominent New York gentleman was asked if he thought

DEPEW WOULD ACCEPT IT.

If it were tendered to him, "What! accept it? He would jump at it like a rat jumping at a piece of cheese in a trap. He is honying for it."

"But would not Mr. Depew be compelled to resign the presidency of the New York Central railroad, a position that pays a salary of \$30,000 per annum?"

"No, I do not think he would have to resign his connection with the railroad. In fact, he can be very useful to the road, in London, as a great majority of its stock is held there, and there will be very little difficulty with his communicating by cable such information as he may desire to give to the board of directors, just the same as if he were in New York. Of course he holds a cable frank, and the expense attached to it will be nominal."

EVERY MADE TO ORDER.

It is not perfectly understood when the appointment will be sent to the senate, but it is more than likely it will go in tomorrow. There are many reasons to believe that by Friday, at the latest, the senate will adjourn, and of course this appointment must be one of the earliest made this week.

HALSTEAD'S LAST CHANCE.

The Field Marshal to Be Attacked by the Democrats.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—[Special.]—The name of Mr. Murat Halstead, editor of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, is becoming very frequently mentioned in connection with the German mission, and if he is assigned any place at all in the diplomatic service it is not improbable that Berlin will be the place selected for the fiery, untamed field marshal. There are a great many democratic senators sharpening their knives so they may make it lively for him, as they did for Mr. Reid. The southern senators who opposed Mr. Reid's confirmation will, not be less demonstrative in their opposition to Mr. Halstead. They claim that Mr. Halstead has been equally as unjust toward the people of the south as has been the editor of the New York Tribune.

THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—[Special.]—Ex-Representative Truman H. Merriman, of New York, today announced himself as a candidate for the position of civil service commissioner, to succeed Mr. Lyman, who has held that position for nearly three years and a half. Merriman was a member of the last congress, and was defeated because of the fact that he refused to support the Mills bill.

DON'T LIKE THE SELECTION.

Naval Officers Kicking About the Programme of the Washington Centennial.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—No little dissatisfaction is felt among the naval officers over the details of the programme for the celebration of Washington's Inaugural centennial in New York next month. According to the programme, the navy and marine corps will be prominently in the demonstration. Major-General Schofield, the highest commanding general of the service, has been selected to take charge of the military forces, and agains that selection no criticism is made. The naval officers complain that the branch of the service which will make the exhibition of particular interest because of its comparison of the old and new navy has been placed in charge of a retired army officer. They argue that a naval officer of highest rank should be sent to represent the section of Major-General Schofield, and they have begun an agitation to have Admiral Jouette replace the retired army officer in command of the naval demonstration.

THE TRIAL OF LYDECKER.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—A court-martial was convened at the war department this morning for the trial of Major G. J. Lydecker, a captain of engineers, who, it is charged, violated the rules of war by accepting a bribe of \$20,000, and the sum was paid to him by the government.

Lydecker, represented by his counsel, Governor Boutwell, the proceedings opened this morning with the reading of order convening the court and of the charge—neglect of duty to the prejudice of good order and discipline.

He was accused of failing to make a full and complete examination of the evidence, and of failing to do justice to the parties concerned.

THE CLOSING OF BEHRING SEA.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 24.—A session was created here by the issue of President Harrison's proclamation declaring Behring sea a closed sea. The American government, however, has not yet done the same.

THE GUNBOAT YORKTOWN.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The secretary of the navy has approved the report of the trial board of inquiry concerning the gunboat Yorktown.

The gunboat Yorktown, which had been captured by the rebels, was condemned as unseaworthy and was ordered to be sold.

THE COLLAPSE OF A BUILDING.

BOSTON, Mass., March 25.—A three-story brick building, in process of construction, suddenly collapsed in this city this morning.

About a dozen workmen were in the building.

Frank P. Purcell, a tinsmith, was killed instantly.

Two others were quite seriously injured.

The others escaped without injury.

HAVE BOUGHT IT UP.

LARGE PURCHASE BY MR. HEWITT AND PARTY.

CONTROLLING INTEREST PURCHASED

In the Alabama and Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company—What the Property Comprised, Etc.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 25.—Information comes from Florence, Ala., that a controlling interest in the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company has been sold to Abraham S. Hewitt, E. Cooper, M. Murphy and others, of New York city. The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company is the largest and wealthiest corporation doing business in the south, being a combination of the Pratt Coal and Coke company, the Coalbing Coal and Railroad company and one or two other important companies. They own

millions of acres of coal and iron lands besides the famous Pratt and Coalbing mines near Birmingham, also several important branches and mineral railroads of Alabama and Tennessee besides large blocks of stock of several of the principal furnaces of the two states.

WHO CAN BE DETAILED.

Captains of companies, regimental staff officers or men who have served less than three years with their regiment or corps, or who have recently completed a term of detached duty, will not be eligible. No details will be made that will leave a battery, troop or company without two officers for duty. The period of detail will be three years. No officer will be detailed except upon application from a representative of the college. Applications for details must be made to the secretary of war, and should be accompanied by a certificate as to the number of male students in the college. Officers may file application for detail with the adjutant-general.

ALVIS TURNER AND JEFF KING.

PINELLVILLE, Ky., March 25.—A sequel to the arrest of General Sowder by Jeff King, Alvis Turner and others and the subsequent arrest and conveyance of Harvey Launes and John C. Adler to Tazwell, Tenn., jail and the arrest of John Cook Turner by Sowder's friends on Friday and Saturday, was enacted this morning two miles from town on the Cleveland road.

Alvis Turner and Jeff King were going toward the Gays and James Birch was coming to town and the meeting was celebrated by Alvis Turner firing at Birch, the ball only striking Birch's gun. Birch returned the fire promptly.

KILLING ALVIS TURNER.

and then King fired on Birch, killing him, and King beat a hasty retreat up Clear Creek.

The double tragedy was witnessed by two men at work in a field near by.

FOLLOWING THE NUMEROUS ARRESTS.

IN WHICH TWO MEN ARE SHOT DEAD—An Old Friend.

PINELLVILLE, Ky., March 25.—A sequel to the arrest of General Sowder by Jeff King, Alvis Turner and others and the subsequent arrest and conveyance of Harvey Launes and John C. Adler to Tazwell, Tenn., jail and the arrest of John Cook Turner by Sowder's friends on Friday and Saturday, was enacted this morning two miles from town on the Cleveland road.

Alvis Turner and Jeff King were going toward the Gays and James Birch was coming to town and the meeting was celebrated by Alvis Turner

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE ATLANTA AND FLORIDA

Will Meet To-night.—The Committee of Seven Appointed at the Last Meeting Have Carefully Considered Various Propositions, and Will Map Out a Plan of Action Which Will Be Submitted to the Meeting.

Delayed Trains.

Due Late

E. T., Va. & Ga.... Train No. 12, 1:30 a.m. 0:30

The stockholders of the Atlanta and Florida will meet tonight at the chamber of commerce.

The committee of seven appointed at the meeting held one week ago to map out the plan of action, will make a report.

Just what that report will be has not been determined. The committee have been considering several propositions, but up to last night had reached no definite conclusion as to which one will be laid before the stockholders.

The committee will hold its final conference today, at which a report will be mapped out.

Mr. L. J. Hill, president of the Gate City National bank and a member of the committee of seven, said last night:

"It is impossible to say what the exact nature of the report of the committee will be, and it is equally impossible to tell what action the stockholders will take in reference to the report. After due care and consideration of all various propositions submitted, the committee will recommend the acceptance of the proposition which, in its judgment, is best calculated to extricate the company from its present embarrassment. The sentiment is universal that the stockholders should take such action as will protect their interests, and the hope is strong that something may be done tonight, which will save them from loss, or, at least, reduce their losses to the minimum."

The New Consolidated Wabash Company

The new consolidated Wabash company is to receive a first-mortgage amounting to \$40,000,000, taxable from November 1, 1887, of this sum \$11,741,000 will be issued to provide for the retirement or exchange of the existing mortgage bonds on the Wabash Western. Of the remainder \$1,000,000 may be set aside for the acquisition of the Western Railway of Alabama, and \$1,000,000 may be sold if necessary, to repay the money advanced by the trust company in first-mortgage coupons. If not used, the \$1,000,000 may be applied as a second mortgage on the railroads at over \$200,000 more than last year.

Atlanta and West Point Changes.

Some important changes in the schedule of the Atlanta and West Point railroad and the Western Railway of Alabama have been made, as will appear from the new time table printed in this issue, which went into effect March 24th—last Sunday.

Railroad Business in Iowa.

DE MOINES, March 25.—The executive council has just completed the annual assessment of railroads business in Iowa. The total assessment of all roads is \$1,000,000, the railroads paying the balance upon sleeping and dining cars. The sworn statements of the railroad officials show a decrease in the net earnings of Iowa roads last year of \$1,000,000, while the roads failed to pay operating expenses. The total assessed value of \$40,500,000, increase \$5,600,000. Land receipts, \$40,500; decrease, \$128,000. Miles operated, 4,917; increase, 24. Capital, \$76,300; increase, \$2,200. Debt, \$99,000; increase, \$8,299,281.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.

The annual report of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad company for the year 1888, as compared with that of the preceding year, is as follows: Gross earnings, \$22,789,167; decrease, \$1,266,916. Expenses and taxes, \$18,882,459; increase, \$2,781,516. Net earnings, \$3,906,608; decrease, \$6,571,457. Total net earnings, adding interest, exchange and other income, \$3,966,608; total decrease, \$7,636,916. Fixed charges, \$5,712,172; increase, \$740,000. Interest on bonded debt, \$1,075,000; decrease, \$166,000. Debt, \$47,730,880; increase, \$5,680,051. Land receipts, \$40,500; decrease, \$128,000. Miles operated, 4,917; increase, 24. Capital, \$76,300; increase, \$2,200. Debt, \$99,000; increase, \$8,299,281.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.

The stockholders of the Atlanta and Florida will meet tonight at the chamber of commerce.

The committee of seven appointed at the meeting held one week ago to map out the plan of action, will make a report.

Just what that report will be has not been determined. The committee have been considering several propositions, but up to last night had reached no definite conclusion as to which one will be laid before the stockholders.

The committee will hold its final conference today, at which a report will be mapped out.

Mr. L. J. Hill, president of the Gate City National bank and a member of the committee of seven, said last night:

"It is impossible to say what the exact nature of the report of the committee will be, and it is equally impossible to tell what action the stockholders will take in reference to the report. After due care and consideration of all various propositions submitted, the committee will recommend the acceptance of the proposition which, in its judgment, is best calculated to extricate the company from its present embarrassment. The sentiment is universal that the stockholders should take such action as will protect their interests, and the hope is strong that something may be done tonight, which will save them from loss, or, at least, reduce their losses to the minimum."

The New Consolidated Wabash Company

The new consolidated Wabash company is to receive a first-mortgage amounting to \$40,000,000, taxable from November 1, 1887, of this sum \$11,741,000 will be issued to provide for the retirement or exchange of the existing mortgage bonds on the Wabash Western. Of the remainder \$1,000,000 may be set aside for the acquisition of the Western Railway of Alabama, and \$1,000,000 may be sold if necessary, to repay the money advanced by the trust company in first-mortgage coupons. If not used, the \$1,000,000 may be applied as a second mortgage on the railroads at over \$200,000 more than last year.

The Old Man had an Offset.

From the *Americus* (Ga.) Republican:

Yesterday we learned the facts in the experience of an American young man who went west and lost five dollars. He had counted the fair one all along the winter months, burning both wood and kerosene freely, and had had a splendid time. He said the father of your lady friend had received him with open arms, and the girl he had come to court with was another young lady whom the young man liked better. He courted her, proposed, and hardly was the marriage feast over before he was in need of the five dollars. He called upon the father of his old sweetheart and asked for the money. His request was refused.

"You burns my clothes, you keep me warm, and I'm going to keep this five dollars as pay." Sadly the young man took his departure, and he gets a little mad now when you ask him about that five dollars.

The Unassuming Toad.

From the *Jackson*, Ga. Herald:

Talks of the birds and robins bring back memories of spring, the old fashioned teat bags over them all. He is modest and unassuming, and doesn't make any pretensions to being a weather prophet, but when he comes to town he sure looks like a天气 prophet. And his wife is a天气 prophet too. When he signed the bond to the sheriff at any time, and it was his duty to do so if he wished to be relieved from liability upon the bond.

Judgment affirmed.

Jackson, Whately and A. C. Wright, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

W. W. Fraser, solicitor-general, by F. G. Bignion, contra.

Clark vs. Gordon, governor. Estremement de bonté, from city court of Savannah. Bonds. City courts. Jurisdiction. Principal and surety. Before Judge Harden.

Simmons J.—When one is brought before a magistrate charged with larceny from the bonds of another, it is not necessary for the bondsman to be present in the court to predict the objection was made in the court of appeals.

He is a misdeemeanor committed in Chatham county, the law requires the magistrate to make it returnable to the city court of Savannah; if it is a felony, to the superior court.

He assumed to know the law under which he acted and to return the bond accordingly. Besides, the fact that the bond in this case was returned to the city court implied jurisdiction in that court.

(a) The warrant under which the principal was arrested reciting the amount stolen, and the indictment charging the amount stolen to be under \$50, the city court had jurisdiction of the offense, and the surety knew this when he signed the bond because of the recital in the warrant.

2. If the solicitor-general gave the surety wrong advice as to its being the duty of the state to arrest his principal, the state is not bound thereby. When he signed the bail bond, the law placed the principal in his custody. It was his duty to arrest him and to hold him to the sheriff at any time, and it was his duty to do so if he wished to be relieved from liability upon the bond.

Judgment affirmed.

Jackson, Whately and A. C. Wright, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

W. W. Fraser, solicitor-general, by F. G. Bignion, contra.

Horan vs. Strachan & Co. Removal to U. S. court, from city court of Savannah. United States. Removal of causes. Before Judge Harden.

Simmons J.—When a party to a removal of the cause to a circuit court of the United States is filed in a cause pending in a state court the question only left for the state court to determine is the question of jurisdiction, admitting the facts stated in the petition to be true, it appears on the face of the record, including the petition, the pleadings, and the proceedings down to that time, that the petition is entitled to a removal; and if an issue of fact is raised in the petition, that issue must be tried in the circuit court.

Judgment reversed.

George A. Mercer, for plaintiff in error.

Garrard & Meldrim, contra.

Supreme Court of Georgia—March Term, 1889.

Order of circuits, with the number of cases remaining undischarged:

Eastern and heel of *Rome*..... 4
Covington..... 16
Athens..... 13
North Mountain..... 10
Middle Georgia..... 11
Augusta..... 6
Chattahoochee..... 7
Southwestern..... 5
Waycross..... 3
Northeastern..... 9
Southern..... 12
Blue Ridge..... 2
Cherokee..... 12
Eastern..... 8

PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY.

W. C. Kline vs. Becker. Argument concluded.

No. 7. Brown vs. Neufville. Withdrawn.

No. 8. Harrison et al. vs. Jones et al. Equity, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

No. 9. Cox vs. Murphy. Case from the Court of Appeals. Argument concluded. Plaintiff in error.

No. 10. Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Co. vs. Flanagan. Case from City Court of Savannah. Argument concluded. Plaintiff in error.

No. 11. Scott vs. Hart. Case from the Court of Appeals. Argument concluded. Plaintiff in error.

No. 12. Denmark & Adams, contra.

Adjudged Wednesday next at 9 o'clock a.m.

When he went in.

PHILIPS' Digestible Cocao.

Furnishes nutriment and aids digestion.

A Successful Physician!

In a large and lucrative practice running through a number of years, my husband, by using Swift's specific, restored health to a great many people in all walks of life, cases all other remedies had proven useless.

To give the world the greatest possible service, he has given up his practice and devoted his entire time to the study of medicine.

All the remedies he has ever used have been failures, and between them and his own specific, he has never known a case of disease that did not respond to it.

George A. Mercer, for plaintiff in error.

Garrard & Meldrim, contra.

Supreme Court of Georgia—March Term, 1889.

Order of circuits, with the number of cases remaining undischarged:

Eastern and heel of *Rome*..... 4
Covington..... 16
Athens..... 13
North Mountain..... 10
Middle Georgia..... 11
Augusta..... 6
Chattahoochee..... 7
Southwestern..... 5
Waycross..... 3
Northeastern..... 9
Southern..... 12
Blue Ridge..... 2
Cherokee..... 12
Eastern..... 8

PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY.

W. C. Kline vs. Becker. Argument concluded.

No. 7. Brown vs. Neufville. Withdrawn.

No. 8. Harrison et al. vs. Jones et al. Equity, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

No. 9. Cox vs. Murphy. Case from the Court of Appeals. Argument concluded. Plaintiff in error.

No. 10. Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Co. vs. Flanagan. Case from City Court of Savannah. Argument concluded. Plaintiff in error.

No. 11. Scott vs. Hart. Case from the Court of Appeals. Argument concluded. Plaintiff in error.

No. 12. Denmark & Adams, contra.

Adjudged Wednesday next at 9 o'clock a.m.

When he went in.

Consumption, Scrofula, General

Disease, Wasting Diseases of Children, Chronic Coughs and Bronchitis, can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphite. Prominent physicians and surgeons throughout the country have recommended it.

Please read the following: "I used Scott's Emulsion for Consumption with Hemorrhage, Loss of Appetite, Emaciation, Sleeplessness, &c. All of these have now left, and I believe your Emulsion has saved a case well developed Consumption." —T. J. FINLEY, M. D., Lone Star, Texas.

An Infallible Nutcracker or Holder.

Mr. Adolph Rassner, Mr. P. Marconnet and Mr. Louis Nicholas of Louisville have invented a nutcracker or holder which has not been equalled yet. It is simple, but it is impossible for the nuts to turn loose. The nuts are held firmly in their seats, and the nuts will not drop.

The patient relates to devices holding or locking nuts from falling out which from time to time have been used. The device is especially applicable to the birds and nuts used for holding the fish plates, or bars, by which rats are joined together.

The nutcracker or holder will become necessary to the consumer caused by passing laws.

The device, however, is much more convenient and easier to use. The improved nut-holder consists of three parts: first, a bar or plate adapted to be placed against the fishplate and having at either end a hook which will catch the nuts; second, a nutcracker or holder which is slipped over the two plates and holds the parts firmly together.

The device can be quickly applied and taken off as desired.

A Railway to Cumming.

Mr. Thomas W. Ezzard, of Cumming, was in the city yesterday conferring with Colonel Berkley about a branch road from Norcross or Roswell through Milton and Forsyth counties to Cumming.

Mr. Ezzard says he is in his county and along the proposed line, and is anxious to build the road.

It will greatly enhance the value of the land and the citizens will be greatly benefited.

The citizens should at once call meetings and raise their subscriptions and move vigorously for this connection. Colonel Berkley assured Mr. Ezzard that the Richmond and Danville authorities would render all the assistance necessary if the people of the county would do the same.

The Great Wabash Case.

The great Wabash case in the United States circuit court at Chicago has ended, and a decree has been entered ordering the plant for sale.

A dispatch from Chicago says:

The question of an appeal was that a price

had been paid for the plant for the amount of

the principal sum of the debts of the

indebtedness.

We have also added this entry.

This is the rights of the

other creditors. The time of the sale will be

from today, and that it will be

for ten days the

date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

the date of the sale will be

THE FIGHT FOR OFFICES.

SOME SURPRISING CHANGES GOING ON IN WASHINGTON.

The withdrawal of Mr. Walter H. Johnson from the race for the collectorship, and the probable reason for it—The fact that Mr. Angier was not appointed Saturday gives Mr. Haight's friends strong hope—A private letter about Georgia affairs.

The battle for offices at Washington developed two surprises yesterday.

One was the withdrawal of Mr. Walter H. Johnson from the race of collectorship of internal revenue in favor of Dr. C. B. Arnold, of Albany. The impression has been strong in Atlanta that Mr. Johnson would be the successful applicant for that position.

Dr. Arnold has not been an applicant for the collectorship in Atlanta. He was at first passed for the collectorship at Savannah, for which office Mr. Thomas Johnson was the strongest candidate. When his strength was made very plain, Dr. Arnold got out of his way. It was then thought that Doctor Arnold might get the Brunswick collectorship, but it was afterwards decided that it would not do him to oppose Bill Pledger for that place.

And now comes the news of the withdrawal of Mr. Walter Johnson in his favor. This leaves the Atlanta collectorship virtually in the hands of Dr. Arnold, as Mr. Dave Freeman is not regarded a formidable opponent.

It looks like a deal, and the impression here is that the cards have been deftly shuffled by Colonel Buck, who is friendly both to Arnold and Johnson. As Colonel Buck, it will be remembered, has never been an applicant for marshalship, it is suspected that the withdrawal of Johnson means that he will be made marshal. It has been conceded along that Colonel Buck could be marshal wanted to it. But it is understood that he is a bigger place.

The friends of Mr. Perry Chisolm are somewhat indignant over Mr. Johnson's withdrawal. It is known that Mr. Chisolm withdrew from the race for collector in favor of Johnson, and it is believed that this was with the expectation of going in as chief in the event of Johnson's appointment, looks, says Mr. Chisolm's friends, as if Johnson had gone back on Mr. Chisolm.

THE SECOND SURPRISE.

The other surprise is the fact that Mr. Angier has not been appointed United States district attorney. It was expected that his appointment to that position would be sent in last Friday.

The fact that the appointment was not made had a depressing effect on Angier stock on Wall Street, and coupled with the withdrawal of Mr. Davis from the fight for the collectorship gives rise to the belief that the odds of Mr. Will Haight are pushing his chances with such vigor that he may yet win.

The hitch does not mean Haight, what it means?

A private letter received in the city yesterday stated that Mr. Angier's nomination had been sent to the Senate on Saturday, but it had not been for a vigorous fight but made by the Black men. A lot of Black men, with Senator Colquitt at their head, called on the president and attorney-general and protested strongly against Mr. Angier's appointment, asking for further time to think it over.

The Washington Star states that among those who succeeded in getting to President Harrison's ear was Senator Colquitt, of Georgia, who was closest with the nation's capital's leading senators with the names of several prominent Republican senators and congressmen. Senator Colquitt is known to favor Haight.

Angier's friends are confident that his appointment will be made soon. In the meantime General Phillips presides over the

BLOODED HOUSES IN GEORGIA.

J. H. Felker's Fine Stable of Stallions.

Hartford, Conn., March 25.—[Special.]—Mr. J. H. Felker has returned from Tennessee and Kentucky, and in a few days will follow him the thoroughbred stallions and an imported pack of greyhounds.

One applicant was 73 years old, and his hair and beard were as white as snow. Another was 50 years old, and several were over 50.

George Phillips, the ex-policeman, was recognized as he came in.

"Didn't you fall in business since you resigned?" was asked.

"Yes sir."

"What was the matter?"

"Well," slowly, but significantly, "I had a partner."

Another ex-policeman was recognized by Comptroller.

"How did you happen to leave the force?"

"Well, I'll tell you," was the honest reply, "the commissioners drapped me."

Inspection lasted about an hour and a half.

THE LIST.

There were 125 names examined yesterday. Here is a list of them:

H. C. Almon, J. S. Allen, Alton Allard, W. W. Ammons, H. A. Agricola, W. M. Alsa-book, Thos. J. Burton, R. H. Burton, S. L. Baugh, M. Barrett, A. B. Brattin, W. T. Bratton, L. B. Brattin, D. Booth, James Brock, J. L. Blackstock, John J. B. Beattie, L. S. Bethea, Rot, Bratton, Jno. M. Brown, P. D. Burie, Slaughter, Bradley, S. J. Coogler, J. M. Casey, T. J. Conly, H. W. Carpenter, J. J. Cook, W. C. Cook, H. R. Corbett, J. J. Conly, R. J. Couston, A. D. Couston, H. K. W. Chidley, W. W. Clever, L. A. Chiles, J. Camp, T. R. Daniels, John H. Daniels, R. L. Dodge, S. B. Davis, W. J. Edison, C. G. Embanks, S. E. Eason, R. L. Evans, W. W. Edwards, W. T. Eason, G. C. Elington, J. M. Elton, J. W. Franklin, W. M. Fields, E. J. Florence, W. W. M. Farmer, W. A. Harris, L. B. Graves, J. S. Galamore, P. B. Graham, G. W. Glanton, J. F. Gray, Wm. Gleeson, H. J. Goodson, John H. Daniels, R. D. Henderson, E. H. Hinsdale, M. D. Hooper, T. S. Harmon, F. H. Hadaway, Thomas Honca, L. Hannah, D. A. Hoyle, M. Hayes, B. J. Hickok, W. H. Hardy, Jack Hughes, W. N. Hudson, T. L. Henry, F. C. Helms, X. B. Heard, J. A. Hall, John W. Ivy, W. J. Jackson, J. A. Jordan, J. A. Jones, L. Jones, W. C. Jordan, J. B. Jenkins, G. P. Jordan, V. L. Jackson, Charles F. Jones, H. E. Jones, T. C. Laird, J. N. Lewis, W. O. McDonald, C. M. McWilliams, D. S. Moncrief, Henry Meyer, A. B. McKinney, M. E. Mathews, J. R. McHenry, W. A. Miller, R. W. Miles, Fred Pritchett, G. M. Puttaway, N. S. Robinson, A. P. Rice, A. A. Reeves, L. L. Sutton, Isaac V. Sims, S. A. Stewart, B. F. Smith, George E. Stillman, H. T. Stinson, T. J. Taylor, J. W. Tippin, S. Terry, R. P. Todd, H. F. Verner, W. P. Verner, A. M. Verner, W. H. Wilmoth, J. D. Williams, W. D. Weaver, A. Wilson, John T. Wright, J. W. Whately, W. D. Webb, T. J. Whitley, B. E. Weaver, James W. White, C. W. White, and many more.

They are never seen on the force before; S. E. Atwater, Moses Murry, and John W. Raven, colored, and the following ex-police: William Flynn, M. A. Goodson, Pat H. Garvey, J. A. Hinderbrand, Con. H. H. Johnson, George L. Jones, P. J. Jones, H. J. Jones, G. H. Phillips, Z. T. Reid, Geo. W. Robbins, Geo. Stoen, T. J. Terry, W. Frank Whitley, J. L. Wooten, and Geo. W. Walton.

It is believed that not more than ten or twelve of these will be taken on the force.

W.M.T.

The blank application which the endorsers of a candidate sign sets forth that the applicant is a man of good moral character, correct and orderly in his conduct, and not in any respects guilty of law or good order, and that he is a man of sober, temperate and industrious habits; that he is not addicted to the habitual use of intoxicating liquors.

The candidate, each for himself, further represents that he has never known or heard of his having been guilty of any act of violence, or disorder, or conduct on his part, nor further represents, as aforesaid, that he is a man of truth and integrity, of sound mind, good understanding, and of temper and manners such as to entitle him to be admitted continuously in the city limits for twelve months next preceding the making of his application.

Accompanying this is a responsible physician's certificate that the applicant is sound mentally and physically, and also the tax collector's receipt and certificate that all taxes have been paid for the year preceding the election.

The tax application is filed, and when its turn comes to be considered it is laid before the board of commissioners. The candidate is examined, and then if he is elected he takes the oath of office.

Then he is ready for trial.

Police Talk.

It looks just now as if Chief Connolly will have no opposition for the place he holds. Several gentlemen of the department have, it is said, been approached by commissioners to be nominated to the office.

Captains Conch and Wright are practically certain of re-election to their present positions. There is still another captain to be elected, and it is said that if there will be a third, he will be for the place.

Captain Manly's friends are active in his behalf and confident of success. Captain Mercer has made a good captain, and if this makes him a candidate, it makes him a strong

TO BE A POLICEMAN.

WHAT IS REQUIRED OF CANDIDATES AND WHO THE CANDIDATES ARE.

Over One Hundred and Fifty Inspected Yesterday Morning By the Board of Police Commissioners.—Current Gossip About the Election of Men and Officers—Who Will Be the Third Captain?

Once every two years there is witnessed in Atlanta the scene presented yesterday noon at police headquarters.

Over one hundred and fifty men—citizens gathered at the stationhouse to be inspected and examined as to their qualifications for position on the police force.

They are the "guys"—all anxious to get in.

Most of them have made special preparation for the occasion, put on new collars, blacked their shoes, and tidied up generally. In spite of this, however, there is a

GO AS YOU PLEASE VARIETY

about it that blacking brushes and whisk brooms have failed to monotonize.

There is a one-eyed man and a one-armed man, one man exactly five feet and another one six feet three and a half. There are three or four negroes in a quiet group apart by themselves. Some of the applicants are ex-policemen and chat familiarly amongst themselves and with the policemen passing to and from court. They are disposed to be patronizing the ex-police.

The policemen calculate the chances as they watch the movements of the candidates.

Long before ten o'clock the hour set for inspection—the men and hallway were crowded. The commissioners were on hand at ten o'clock and the inspection began promptly.

The applicants were called into the chief's room, ten at a time.

Once the chief's room the inspection begins in earnest. Each commissioner is armed with a list of the applicants, and opposite each applicant's name is the name of his "younger," five prominent citizens, and attached to each application is a doctor's certificate and the tax collector's receipt for all taxes for the past year.

The commissioner looks over these credentials carefully, and then examines to see that the candidate is not too old, or physically qualified.

Captain Jim Wright assisted in the examination. He handed the city code to the candidates, one after another, and each applicant reads a paragraph and then writes his name or a sentence.

"I didn't know we had to read," remarked one candidate ruefully as the code was handed to him.

Rev. Frank Joseph

to WM. POWELL

"That is Limerick's name, you know, and he knows more about this very book than lots of professing Christians. That and the Constitution are all that he reads."

The Name of Smith.—Looking along the columns of the city directory yesterday for the name and address of a joker that was being challenged, Captain Bill Glenn mumbled in an absent-minded undertone:

"Solomon, Smart, Smiley, Smith, and when you strike them they crowd everybody else out and there ain't room for any more," as he closed the book with a bang.

At His Post.—Col. Thomas Gresham is back again, and though still feeble from his late severe sickness, is rapidly regaining his health. He had a close call and his friends will be glad to learn of his recovery.

Quarrel Blasted.—United States Marshal Nelson is looking for suitable quarters for the department of justice, which will be moved from the courthouse soon on account of the contemplated additions to the building, and would like to have from persons who have buildings to lease. The apartments are a hall suitable for a common room, rooms for the marshal's office, jury room, prisoner room and revenue agent's office. Negotiations are now pending for the location in the Russell building, corner of Pryor street, but as numerous changes will have to be made in order to render it suitable for the purpose, it is doubtful whether it will be secured. There is some talk of letting out in the Russell building, corner of Pryor and Peachtree streets, for the department of internal revenue and the railway and mail service, but no lease has yet been made.

FASHIONABLE INTELLIGENCE.

These were 125 names examined yesterday.

Here is a list of them:

H. C. Almon, J. S. Allen, Alton Allard, W. W. Ammons, H. A. Agricola, W. M. Alsa-book, Thos. J. Burton, R. H. Burton, S. L. Baugh, M. Barrett, A. B. Brattin, W. T. Bratton, L. B. Brattin, D. Booth, James Brock, J. L. Blackstock, John J. B. Beattie, L. S. Bethea, Rot, Bratton, Jno. M. Brown, P. D. Burie, Slaughter, Bradley, S. J. Coogler, J. M. Casey, T. J. Conly, H. W. Carpenter, J. J. Cook, W. C. Cook, H. R. Corbett, J. J. Conly, R. J. Couston, A. D. Couston, H. K. W. Chidley, W. W. Clever, L. A. Chiles, J. Camp, T. R. Daniels, John H. Daniels, R. L. Dodge, S. B. Davis, W. J. Edison, C. G. Embanks, S. E. Eason, R. L. Evans, W. W. Edwards, W. T. Eason, G. C. Elington, J. M. Elton, J. W. Franklin, W. M. Fields, E. J. Florence, W. W. M. Farmer, W. A. Harris, L. B. Graves, J. S. Galamore, P. B. Graham, G. W. Glanton, J. F. Gray, Wm. Gleeson, H. J. Goodson, John H. Daniels, R. D. Henderson, E. H. Hinsdale, M. D. Hooper, T. S. Harmon, F. H. Hadaway, Thomas Honca, L. Hannah, D. A. Hoyle, M. Hayes, B. J. Hickok, W. H. Hardy, Jack Hughes, W. N. Hudson, T. L. Henry, F. C. Helms, X. B. Heard, A. J. Hall, John W. Ivy, W. J. Jackson, J. A. Jordan, J. B. Jenkins, G. P. Jordan, V. L. Jackson, Charles F. Jones, H. E. Jones, T. C. Laird, J. N. Lewis, W. O. McDonald, C. M. McWilliams, D. S. Moncrief, Henry Meyer, A. B. McKinney, M. E. Mathews, J. R. McHenry, W. A. Miller, R. W. Miles, Fred Pritchett, G. M. Puttaway, N. S. Robinson, A. P. Rice, A. A. Reeves, L. L. Sutton, Isaac V. Sims, S. A. Stewart, B. F. Smith, George E. Stillman, H. T. Stinson, T. J. Taylor, J. W. Tippin, S. Terry, R. P. Todd, H. F. Verner, W. P. Verner, A. M. Verner, W. H. Wilmoth, J. D. Williams, W. D. Weaver, A. Wilson, John T. Wright, J. W. Whately, W. D. Webb, T. J. Whitley, B. E. Weaver, James W. White, C. W. White, and many more.

They are never seen on the force before.

S. E. Atwater, Moses Murry, and John W. Raven, colored, and the following ex-police:

William Flynn, M. A. Goodson, Pat H. Garvey, J. A. Hinderbrand, Con. H. J. Johnson, George L. Jones, P. J. Jones, H. J. Jones, G. H. Phillips, Z. T. Reid, Geo. W. Robbins, Geo. Stoen, T. J. Terry, W. Frank Whitley, J. L. Wooten, and Geo. W. Walton.

It is believed that not more than ten or twelve of these will be taken on the force.

W.M.T.

The wedding of Mr. W. J. Bagby and Miss Sudie Ray Winkley will take place at the Second Baptist church this evening at 8 o'clock.

Mr. Dan Ronnquist, of Quiltman, is in the city for a few days.

Mr. C. A. Davis and bride, of Greensboro, are guests at the Markham.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 11th Streets, promises to be most delightful.

The candidates for the election at the present session, 10th Avenue, between 10th and 1

MERCHANTS.

HARRY M. COTTINGHAM,

Y & CO.
Merchants▷Street, Atlanta, Ga.
COUNTRY PRODUCE GENERALLY
at Edge Butter a Specialty.

PERMISSION TO

M. C. KISER, of M. C. & P. Kiser, Atlanta,
JAS. R. WYLIE, Wholesale Grocer, Atlanta,
COLLISY & MEADWELL, Wholesale Grocers, Atlanta,
R. C. HARRIS, Treasurer State of Georgia.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EUGENE M. MITCHELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 51 Broad St., Grant Building, Atlanta, Ga.BENJAMIN H. HILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Will practice in State and United States courts
Office, until April the first, in Custom House,
Telephone 388.PRESTON K. YATES,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Surveys, estimates and plans made for Railroads,
Street Railways, Water Works and Bridges. Work
as far intended. Room 43, Gate City Bank buildingLEWIS W. TIGONAS, ATTORNEY AND COURTS
of Law, Atlanta, Ga. Room 15 Gate City
Bank building. Will practice in all of the Courts
of the County and elsewhere by contract. Tel-
phone 312.

ARCHITECTS.

CALL ON J. A. LESAUR,
ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,
At No. 6 Lloyd street to get your specifications and
drawings done to get your building and job work
done. Telephone 296.D. BRUCE & MORGAN,
Architects & Traders' Ben's Building,
No. 10 Decatur street. Take elevator. 6mEDMUND G. LIND,
ARCHITECT,
63 Whitehall Street, corner of Hunter.L. B. WHEELER,
ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga.
Offices 4th floor, 100 Peachtree street, corner of
Whitehall and Hurt streets. Take elevator.Humphreys Castellan
Offices 12 East Alabama Street
BONDS AND STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD
Private bonds of all kinds for sale or exchange.LATEST STYLES OF
STRUCTURES
low prices.ever. We make a specialty of Tile
stubbles, Hard Wood Mantels, Plain
assortment in the south to select from.BELLINGRATH,
Bbers, Steam and Gas Fitters.DAD of GEORGIA
Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fla.
or to Savannah, Ga.ATLANTA, GA., March 17th, 1889.
by, except those marked, which are run daily.11:00 am 9:00 am 6:00 pm *8:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 pm 10:00 am 5:30 pm *8:30 pm 12:30 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 am 6:30 pm *7:30 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 pm
5:00 pm 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 pm
6:00 pm 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 pm
7:00 pm 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 pm
8:00 pm 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 pm
9:00 pm 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 pm
10:00 pm 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 pm
11:00 pm 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 am 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 am
1:00 am 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 am
2:00 am 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 am
3:00 am 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 am
4:00 am 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 am
5:00 am 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 am
6:00 am 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 am
7:00 am 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 am
8:00 am 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 am
9:00 am 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 am
10:00 am 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 am
11:00 am 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 am
12:00 pm 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 pm
5:00 pm 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 pm
6:00 pm 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 pm
7:00 pm 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 pm
8:00 pm 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 pm
9:00 pm 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 pm
10:00 pm 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 pm
11:00 pm 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 am 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 am
1:00 am 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 am
2:00 am 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 am
3:00 am 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 am
4:00 am 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 am
5:00 am 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 am
6:00 am 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 am
7:00 am 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 am
8:00 am 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 am
9:00 am 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 am
10:00 am 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 am
11:00 am 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 am
12:00 pm 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 pm
5:00 pm 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 pm
6:00 pm 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 pm
7:00 pm 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 pm
8:00 pm 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 pm
9:00 pm 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 pm
10:00 pm 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 pm
11:00 pm 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 am 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 am
1:00 am 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 am
2:00 am 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 am
3:00 am 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 am
4:00 am 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 am
5:00 am 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 am
6:00 am 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 am
7:00 am 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 am
8:00 am 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 am
9:00 am 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 am
10:00 am 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 am
11:00 am 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 am
12:00 pm 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 pm
5:00 pm 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 pm
6:00 pm 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 pm
7:00 pm 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 pm
8:00 pm 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 pm
9:00 pm 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 pm
10:00 pm 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 pm
11:00 pm 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 am 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 am
1:00 am 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 am
2:00 am 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 am
3:00 am 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 am
4:00 am 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 am
5:00 am 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 am
6:00 am 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 am
7:00 am 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 am
8:00 am 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 am
9:00 am 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 am
10:00 am 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 am
11:00 am 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 am
12:00 pm 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 pm
5:00 pm 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 pm
6:00 pm 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 pm
7:00 pm 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 pm
8:00 pm 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 pm
9:00 pm 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 pm
10:00 pm 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 pm
11:00 pm 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 am 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 am
1:00 am 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 am
2:00 am 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 am
3:00 am 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 am
4:00 am 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 am
5:00 am 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 am
6:00 am 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 am
7:00 am 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 am
8:00 am 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 am
9:00 am 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 am
10:00 am 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 am
11:00 am 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 am
12:00 pm 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 pm
5:00 pm 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 pm
6:00 pm 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 pm
7:00 pm 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 pm
8:00 pm 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 pm
9:00 pm 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 pm
10:00 pm 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 pm
11:00 pm 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 am 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 am
1:00 am 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 am
2:00 am 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 am
3:00 am 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 am
4:00 am 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 am
5:00 am 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 am
6:00 am 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 am
7:00 am 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 am
8:00 am 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 am
9:00 am 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 am
10:00 am 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 am
11:00 am 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 am
12:00 pm 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 pm
5:00 pm 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 pm
6:00 pm 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 pm
7:00 pm 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 pm
8:00 pm 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 pm
9:00 pm 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 pm
10:00 pm 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 pm
11:00 pm 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 am 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 am
1:00 am 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 am
2:00 am 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 am
3:00 am 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 am
4:00 am 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 am
5:00 am 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 am
6:00 am 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 am
7:00 am 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 am
8:00 am 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 am
9:00 am 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 am
10:00 am 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 am
11:00 am 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 am
12:00 pm 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 pm
5:00 pm 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 pm
6:00 pm 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 pm
7:00 pm 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 pm
8:00 pm 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 pm
9:00 pm 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 pm
10:00 pm 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 pm
11:00 pm 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 pm
12:00 am 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 am
1:00 am 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 am
2:00 am 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 am
3:00 am 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 am
4:00 am 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *10:00 pm 4:00 am
5:00 am 3:00 pm 10:00 pm *11:00 pm 5:00 am
6:00 am 4:00 pm 11:00 pm *12:00 pm 6:00 am
7:00 am 5:00 pm 12:00 pm *1:00 pm 7:00 am
8:00 am 6:00 pm 1:00 pm *2:00 pm 8:00 am
9:00 am 7:00 pm 2:00 pm *3:00 pm 9:00 am
10:00 am 8:00 pm 3:00 pm *4:00 pm 10:00 am
11:00 am 9:00 pm 4:00 pm *5:00 pm 11:00 am
12:00 pm 10:00 pm 5:00 pm *6:00 pm 12:00 pm
1:00 pm 11:00 pm 6:00 pm *7:00 pm 1:00 pm
2:00 pm 12:00 pm 7:00 pm *8:00 pm 2:00 pm
3:00 pm 1:00 pm 8:00 pm *9:00 pm 3:00 pm
4:00 pm 2:00 pm 9:00 pm *

ON TRIAL FOR HIS LIFE.
ELEVEN JURORS OBTAINED IN THE MOORE CASE.

The Killing of Hon. James Hunt By the Young Mail Agent, Whose Case Was for the Second Time Brought Into Court Yesterday Morning. The Regular Panel and Tales Jurors Exhausted and the Jury Box Brought Into Court.

H. S. Moore, Jr., is on trial for his life. Eleven jurors were accepted out of sixty men examined yesterday.

The story of the affray that placed Moore behind the bars is still fresh in the minds of the people.

On the evening of Thursday, November 15, 1888, Hon. James Hunt and several fellow boarders were in their room at the Florida house, when young Moore, who was running as a mail agent on the Western and Atlantic road, came into the room, and in the course of a friendly tussle, Moore became angered at Hunt and left the room.

At the foot of the stairs he met Hunt and plunged a knife into him, killing him almost instantly.

Moore left the room and fled in the darkness. He eluded the officers and got as far as the Chattahoochee river, but for some reason returned toward Atlanta. A bloodhound was put on his trail, and the story that he told of the horrible feelings that he experienced while fleeing from the decimated brute was extremely thrilling. Near Bolton he was met by the officers, who knew him by his limping gait, and he was captured and brought back and placed in Fulton county jail.

The First Call of the Case.

On Monday, January 21, toward the end of the fall term of Fulton superior court, the case was called, and Moore was brought into court.

After considerable argument his counsel succeeded in getting a continuance of the case on the ground of the absence of material witnesses, and the case was reset for the fourth Monday in March.

Yesterday the case was again called, Judge Marshall J. Clarke presiding. Judge Richard H. Clark will preside in the other criminal cases that follow, but for private reasons known to themselves, the judges agreed to this arrangement.

The Prisoner in Court.

"His appearance will be one of his strongest arguments," remarked a prominent gentleman yesterday.

Moore came into court with a cheerful face, rather pale with a restless, anxious look in his eyes; neatly dressed and of a boyish appearance generally; looking like anything rather than a murderer.

His father, Rev. H. S. Moore, Sr., an elderly gentleman with a benevolent face; Mr. Sam Moore, a relative; Captain J. H. Anderson, an uncle, who is ordinary of Catonsville, were among the audience.

His attorneys—General L. J. Gartrell, Mr. G. C. Ladson, Judge John T. Hopkins, Judge W. H. Moore of Ringgold, and Mr. T. A. Quillian of Ringgold—were in court ready to defend him.

The prosecution was represented by Solicitor General C. D. Hill, Hon. W. C. Glenn, of Dalton, and Hon. A. T. Hatchett, of Ringgold.

FUN IN CHALLENGING.

Several jurors created ripples of merriment by their misconception of Solicitor Hill's English.

August B. Schultz was the first who became entangled. To the first question he answered after a little study, but to the second, as to procedure, he replied:

"I don't understand."

The question was repeated, and his answer was satisfactory.

"Is your mind perfectly impartial between the state and the accused?"

"There was dead silence."

"He can't hear you," said an attorney.

"Yes, but I don't understand what you mean."

The question was repeated, and the juror was silent.

"He can't hear you," said one of the counsel,

"but I understand that he was unable to comprehend Hill's English."

Rudolph B. Stahl was called, and Solicitor Hill asked:

"Have you, from having seen the crime committed, delivered on oath, formed or expressed any opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner at the bar?"

The juror stonily scratched his head.

"What you mean by being in prison?"

"I don't know how to understand to understand your honor," said the solicitor, addressing the court.

"Ask him again, and speak slowly."

The question was repeated clearly and deliberately.

"What mean de prisoner here or de prisoner in same holder be?"

"Let him be excused," and the juror stepped down and out.

Samuel K. Hill was examined, and ran the gauntlet very nicely before he had to give an account as to whether there was any prejudice resting in his mind, either for or against the prisoner.

"There is," answered the juror, gazing straight at his questioner, "for him."

"I don't understand him," remarked one of the others, and that parting shot left the box.

When the clerk called the name of Fred W. J. Schmitz on the printed list, and Fred W. J. Schmitz on the list furnished by the clerk. We are unable to reconcile those two names as belonging to the same individual, unless you tell us more about it.

The next three in the snake and ladder with the greater and saunter keeper with the influential name competent. But he was rejected in the end.

RELATIVES OF THE JUROR.

When the first jurors were drawn two weeks ago, there were sixty names taken from the box, and the total, with those already chosen, amounted to 117 men from whom to select a jury of twelve of his peers to try the case of H. S. Moore, Jr.

Such were the number of excuses yesterday morning, and there were only sixty left, and out of the regular panels of forty-eight, six jurors were qualified by noon. In the afternoon five qualified out of the twelve tales jurors.

The first name called was W. P. Lowther, who qualified as the first juror. The others were Stephen S. Trimble, Thomas O. Hall, William J. Gibson, William B. Jackson, A. M. Wilson, George G. Cook, Zebulon S. Reeve, Thomas J. Shepherd, John E. Clarke and James Bright.

THE JURY BOX IN COURT.

After the last name had been called, Judge Clarke called for the jury box, and announced that proceedings would be suspended until nine o'clock this morning.

Mr. W. C. Glenn, in charge of Bailiff W. H. Mitchell, and constested to the Metropolitan hotel for the night.

Juror Reeve was attacked with a headache, about the time of adjournment, but had grown better if not ten o'clock last night; and the jurors were having as lively a time as possible within the four walls of Room No. 47, of the Metropolitan.

A COLORED JUROR.

The only colored man summoned as a tales juror was Seaborn Cochran, and the crowd in the court room were interested as he stepped up to answer the challenges.

To the first and second queries he answered satisfactorily, but when it came to the third he paused.

"Is your mind perfectly impartial between the state and the accused?"

"It is not."

"Cause."

The audience subsided, and the colored tales juror retired.

RELATIVES OF MR. HUNT.

Mr. R. B. Chamberlain, a brother-in-law of the late Mr. Hunt, and Judge D. M. Gordon, a cousin, were the only relatives of his that were in court yesterday. His father-in-law, mother-in-law, widow and sister are expected today.

The case is creating considerable interest.

and it is expected that it will consume the greater part of the week.

Before going into the case yesterday morning, the park commissioners noticed that the daughter was very ill and might require his personal attention during the trial. In that event there may possibly be suspension of proceedings.

There are not a great number of witnesses on either side.

A good appetite is essential to good health. Hood's Saraparilla creates and sharpens the appetite, and also assists the digestive organs. Take Hood's Saraparilla this spring. Sold by druggists.

STANLEY MATTHEWS.

An Atlanta Man Recalls Some Pleasant Associations With the Dead Justice.

"So you knew Stanley Matthews?" was a remark addressed to Mr. C. M. Cady, of this city.

"Yes; and the announcement of his death in The Constitution recalls a summer tour that my family made to the Green mountains in 1857."

The Brewster Leaf Inn, eleven miles east of Middlebury, Vt., and perched upon the top of a tall peak. The hotel accommodates 100 guests, and was owned by Hon. Joseph Battell, many years a member of the Vermont state senate, who owns 17,000 acres of mountain adjoining his farm, purchased to protect the trees from the ax of the lumbermen."

"And there you met Mr. Justice Matthews?"

"Yes, the distinguished gentleman and his accomplished wife were staying there; and we became fast friends. Mr. Matthews had a physique that should have lasted a hundred years, with proper care, and a pink complexion that might have been envied by any lady."

As Mr. Matthews, a companionable man?"

"Very much so, but he detected physical weakness, and might be seen any day on the shady side of a piazza, so absorbed in his reading that those who did not understand him often spoke of him as cold, haughty and arrogant."

"He was quite a number. Here they are," and Major Root held up a bundle of letters.

The letters were opened by the major and passed to Mr. Amorus, the secretary who read them. The first bid was:

A Fugazi, for refreshments, confections and tobacco \$325.

"That will hardly do," remarked Mr. Kontz,

"We offered the entire privileges and not part. But go on."

The bids were:

W. L. Knott & A. S. Hook, \$1.00.

J. T. Campbell, \$1.00. Two hundred dollars cash and \$100 in trade.

J. T. Lowry \$1.00. Mr. Lowry also agreed to repair the boat house, and to print circulars enclosing the advertisements at the park.

J. Fletcher of Everett, \$300.

Charles B. Railis, \$300, in cash when contract was signed.

"This last bid can't be considered," said Mr. Orme.

"Oh, quite a number. Here they are," and Major Root held up a bundle of letters.

The letters were opened by the major and passed to Mr. Amorus, the secretary who read them. The first bid was:

A Fugazi, for refreshments, confections and tobacco \$325.

"That will hardly do," remarked Mr. Kontz,

"We offered the entire privileges and not part. But go on."

The bids were:

W. L. Knott & A. S. Hook, \$1.00.

J. T. Campbell, \$1.00. Two hundred dollars cash and \$100 in trade.

J. T. Lowry \$1.00. Mr. Lowry also agreed to repair the boat house, and to print circulars enclosing the advertisements at the park.

J. Fletcher of Everett, \$300.

Charles B. Railis, \$300, in cash when contract was signed.

"This last bid can't be considered," said Mr. Orme.

"Oh, quite a number. Here they are," and Major Root held up a bundle of letters.

The letters were opened by the major and passed to Mr. Amorus, the secretary who read them. The first bid was:

A Fugazi, for refreshments, confections and tobacco \$325.

"That will hardly do," remarked Mr. Kontz,

"We offered the entire privileges and not part. But go on."

The bids were:

W. L. Knott & A. S. Hook, \$1.00.

J. T. Campbell, \$1.00. Two hundred dollars cash and \$100 in trade.

J. T. Lowry \$1.00. Mr. Lowry also agreed to repair the boat house, and to print circulars enclosing the advertisements at the park.

J. Fletcher of Everett, \$300.

Charles B. Railis, \$300, in cash when contract was signed.

"This last bid can't be considered," said Mr. Orme.

"Oh, quite a number. Here they are," and Major Root held up a bundle of letters.

The letters were opened by the major and passed to Mr. Amorus, the secretary who read them. The first bid was:

A Fugazi, for refreshments, confections and tobacco \$325.

"That will hardly do," remarked Mr. Kontz,

"We offered the entire privileges and not part. But go on."

The bids were:

W. L. Knott & A. S. Hook, \$1.00.

J. T. Campbell, \$1.00. Two hundred dollars cash and \$100 in trade.

J. T. Lowry \$1.00. Mr. Lowry also agreed to repair the boat house, and to print circulars enclosing the advertisements at the park.

J. Fletcher of Everett, \$300.

Charles B. Railis, \$300, in cash when contract was signed.

"This last bid can't be considered," said Mr. Orme.

"Oh, quite a number. Here they are," and Major Root held up a bundle of letters.

The letters were opened by the major and passed to Mr. Amorus, the secretary who read them. The first bid was:

A Fugazi, for refreshments, confections and tobacco \$325.

"That will hardly do," remarked Mr. Kontz,

"We offered the entire privileges and not part. But go on."

The bids were:

W. L. Knott & A. S. Hook, \$1.00.

J. T. Campbell, \$1.00. Two hundred dollars cash and \$100 in trade.

J. T. Lowry \$1.00. Mr. Lowry also agreed to repair the boat house, and to print circulars enclosing the advertisements at the park.

J. Fletcher of Everett, \$300.

Charles B. Railis, \$300, in cash when contract was signed.

"This last bid can't be considered," said Mr. Orme.

"Oh, quite a number. Here they are," and Major Root held up a bundle of letters.

The letters were opened by the major and passed to Mr. Amorus, the secretary who read them. The first bid was:

A Fugazi, for refreshments, confections and tobacco \$325.

"That will hardly do," remarked Mr. Kontz,

"We offered the entire privileges and not part